SCHEDULE KIRA

41A720-S24 (12-06) Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE



For taxable year ended

TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION SCHEDULE (FOR A KIRA PROJECT OF CORPORATIONS) KRS 154.26-010 to 120

➤ Attach to Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765.

Name of Corporation		rederal id	denuncation i	vumber	Account Number
Location of Project		Date KIRA Revitalization Agreement was Executed			Economic Development Project Number
		Agreer	HOTH WAS EXC	Cutcu	i roject ivamber
City	County		_///	<u> </u>	
PART I—Tax Liabilit	y Method				
Taxable net Lesser of co	eater tax liability was computed on Form income (go to Part II) orporation's gross receipts or gross profits turn tax (enter zero (-0-) on Schedule TCS,	s (go to Part III		or Form 765	(check applicable box).
PART II—Computati	on of Taxable Net Income Excluding Net	Income from	KIRA Projec	t and KIRA Ta	x Credit
	ability from Part 3, line 3 from Form 720,				
	et income from Form 720, Part 1, line 24; F				
Part 1, line 15; or Form 765, Part 1, line 29					2
3. Enter net income from KIRA project. If a loss, enter -0					3
4. Kentucky taxable net income excluding net income from KIRA project					
(Subtract line 3 from line 2. If line 3 is greater than line 2, enter -0)					4
5. Compute tax on	amount on line 4.				
	Taxable Net Incom	ne	Rate	Tax	
(a) First \$50,00	00	x	4%		
	00		5%		
(c) All income					
\$100,000		x	7%		
(d) Total (add	lines 5(a) through (c))			5	(d)
6. Income tax liabi	lity attributable to KIRA project (subtract I	line 5(d) from	line 1)		
Continue to Part	t IV and enter on line 1				6
PART III — Computatio	n of Alternative Minimum Calculation (AMC)	for Corporation	's Gross Rec	eipts or Gross	Profits from KIRA Project
If alternative minime	um calculation (AMC) is based on gross re	eceipts, comp	lete line 1. It	based on	
gross profits, compl	lete line 2.				
 KIRA project gro 	oss receipts	x 0.000	095 =		1
2. KIRA project gro	oss profits	x 0.007	75 =		2
Continue to Par	t IV and enter on line 1.				
PART IV—Limitation	1				
1. Enter tax liabilit	y attributable to KIRA project from Part II,	line 6 or Part	III, line 1 or	line 2	1
2. Enter limitation from Schedule KIRA-T, Column D					2
3. Allowable KIRA tax credit (lesser of line 1 or line 2)					3
Enter allowable	credit on Schedule TCS, Part I.				
Rural Economic I	opment project means a project authorized to Development Act (KREDA), the Kentucky Jo Kentucky Economic Opportunity Zone (KE it Act (STICA).	obs Developm	ent Act (KJE	A), the Kentu	cky Industrial Revitalization



The Kentucky Corporation Income Tax Return (Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765), including this schedule must be mailed to Economic Development Tax Credits, Corporation Income and License Tax Branch, Kentucky Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 181, Frankfort, Kentucky 40602-0181.

INSTRUCTIONS—SCHEDULE KIRA

PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE—This schedule is to be used by any corporation which has entered into a revitalization agreement for a Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Act (KIRA) project to determine the KIRA income tax credit allowed against the Kentucky corporation income tax liability in accordance with KRS 141.403 on the income from the project.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Due to legislation passed by the 2005 General Assembly, S corporations, limited liability partnerships (LLPs), limited liability companies (LLCs) or similar entities created with limited liability for the partners are now taxed as corporations. The economic development credits are taken at the entity level and are not passed through to the shareholders/partners.

Also, 2005 legislation repealed corporation license tax effective for tax periods ending on or after December 31, 2005. KIRA license tax credits will no longer apply.

A corporation approved for more than one economic development project and that has total allowable credits for the taxable year greater than the corporation's income tax liability must complete Schedule TCS.

Part I—Tax Liability Method

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, corporations are required to pay the greater of tax computed on taxable net income, an alternative minimum calculation using Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts, or a minimum \$175. Once the tax liability is computed on Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765, the KIRA credits are to be calculated using the same method. If the greatest tax liability is calculated on taxable net income, KIRA tax credits are based on income from the project. If the greatest tax liability results from the alternative minimum calculation, then KIRA tax credits are based on Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits from the project. Tax credits cannot reduce the tax liability below the \$175 minimum.

Check the appropriate box for the method in which the tax liability was computed then continue to the corresponding part for the credit calculation.

Part II—Computation of Taxable Net Income Excluding Net Income from KIRA Project and KIRA Tax Credit

Line 1—Enter total tax liability from Part 3, line 3 of Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765.

Line 2—Enter taxable net income after KDPAD from Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765.

Line 3—If the corporation's only operation in Kentucky is the KIRA project, the amount entered on line 2 must be entered on line 3. If the corporation has operations other than the KIRA project, it must attach schedules reflecting the computation of the net income from the KIRA project in accordance with KRS 141.403(6)(a)* or KRS 141.403(7)(a).***

Lines 4 through 5(d)—Compute tax liability on income excluding project income.

Line 6—The difference between Part II, line 1 and line 5(d) is the income tax liability attributable to the KIRA project.

Part III—Computation of Alternative Minimum (AMC) Excluding Corporations Gross Receipts from KIRA Project

Line 1—If alternative minimum calculation is based on gross receipts, multiply 0.00095 by KIRA project gross receipts in accordance with KRS 141.403(6)(b)** or KRS 141.403(7)(b).****

Line 2—If alternative minimum calculation is based on Kentucky gross profits, multiply 0.0075 by KIRA project gross profits in accordance with KRS 141.403(6)(b)** or KRS 141.403(7)(b).****

Part IV-Limitation

Calculate KIRA tax credit based on corporation's tax liability, tax liability attributable to KIRA project, and credit limitation from Schedule KIRA-T. Enter credit on Schedule TCS, Part I.

A corporation with more than one economic development project must separately compute the tax credit derived from each project. Complete an applicable tax computation schedule (Schedule KREDA, Schedule KIDA, Schedule KJDA, Schedule KIRA, Schedule KEOZ, or Schedule KRA) for each project. Approved companies for Skills Training Investment Credit (STICA) must attach a copy of the final resolution received from the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation.

Alternative Methods—In accordance with KRS 141.403(8), if the approved company can show that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use separate accounting to determine net income, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the project is located the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue. Thus, if any method other than separate accounting is

used, a copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the alternative method must be attached to this schedule.

- * In accordance with KRS 141.403(6)(a), if the project is a totally separate facility, net income attributable to the project shall be determined by the separate accounting method.
- ** In accordance with KRS 141.403(6)(b), if the project is a totally separate facility, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- *** In accordance with KRS 141.403(7)(a), if the KIRA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the net income attributable to the KIRA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the KIRA project income using a formula approved by the Department of Revenue. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.
- **** In accordance with KRS 141.403(7)(b), if the KIRA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the KIRA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the KIRA project gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.